Course Title	Small Ruminant and Pig medicine					
Course Code	VET-305					
Course Type	Required					
Level	Undergraduate					
Year / Semester	Year 3/ Semester 1 (Fall)					
Teacher's Name						
ECTS	6	Lectures / week	3	Tutorials / week	2	
Course Purpose and Objectives	 Small Ruminant: This course is designed to build on the background of knowledge from the principles of husbandry, nutrition, pathogenesis, pathology, epidemiology and control of parasitological, microbiological, metabolic and other diseases. The course intends to emphasize practical and clinical aspects of differential diagnosis, disease management and treatment and control on a herd and individual basis. The course will focus on definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis and management. At the end of the course, the student should: be familiar with diagnosis of diseases of sheep based on clinical signs, differential diagnosis and interpretation of laboratory tests, be familiar with treatment of the individual and flock programs of preventative medicine, have a basic understanding of goat production and economics and the "backyard goat" Pig: The material covered in this lecture course is intended to provide a theoretical basis on which newly qualified graduates can recognize, investigate, treat and control the more significant diseases of pigs in Europe. At the end of the course students should: possess essential information to enable diagnosis, treatment, prevention and control of significant pig diseases in the individual, group or herd; be familiar with concepts of herd health, bio-security, & population medicine. 					

Learning Outcomes

The following list provides the learning objectives that will be covered in the lectures, lab practical sessions and tutorials of each week:

SMALL RUMINANTS:

Week 1

LOBs covered during lectures:

Discuss the following **conditions and diseases of the gastrointestinal system**, definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis and management:

- 1. Malocclusion
- 2. Pharyngeal lesions
- 3. Foot-and-Mouth Disease
- 4. Contagious Ecthyma (Orf)
- 5. Bluetongue
- 6. Esophageal Obstruction
- 7. Megaesophagus
- 8. Bloat
- 9. Simple Indigestion
- 10. Rumen Acidosis
- 11. Reticulitis. Rumenitis, and Parakeratosis
- 12. Traumatic Reticuloperitonitis
- 13. Rumen Impaction
- 14. Abomasitis and Abomasal Ulcers
- 15. Abomasal Hemorrhage
- 16. Abomasal Impaction
- 17. Abomasal Emptying Defect
- 18. Azalea, Laurel, and Rhododendron Toxicity
- 19. Diarrhea in Lambs and Kids Enterotoxigenic Escherichia coli, Rotavirus, Cryptosporidium, Salmonella,
- 20. Nutritional Diarrhea
- 21. Giardia
- 22. Clostridium perfringens
- 23. Johne's Disease
- 24. Intussusception
- 25. Intestinal Atresia
- 26. Peritonitis
- 27. Rectal Prolapse

Discuss the following **diseases of the liver**, definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis and management:

- 28. Liver Abscess
- 29. Pregnancy Toxemia and Fatty Liver Syndrome
- 30. White Liver Disease
- 31. Copper Toxicosis
- 32. Toxic Hepatitis

Week 2

LOBs covered during lectures:

Year 3

Discuss the following **internal parasites**, definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management:

- 33. NEMATODE INFECTION
- 34. CESTODE INFESTATION
- 35. CYSTICERCOSIS
- 36. COCCIDIAL INFECTION
- 37. LIVER FLUKE INFECTION
- 38. LUNGWORM INFECTION
- 39. Discuss the following diseases of the respiratory system, definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management:
- 40. Rhinitis
- 41. Oestrus ovis Infestation
- 42. Enzootic Nasal Tumor
- 43. Sinusitis
- 44. Retropharyngeal Abscesses
- 45. Pharyngitis
- 46. Laryngitis and Tracheitis
- 47. Mycoplasma Pneumonia of Sheep
- 48. Mycoplasma Infection in Goats
- 49. Parainfluenza Type 3
- 50. Respiratory Syncytial Virus
- 51. Aspiration Pneumonia
- 52. Ovine Progressive Pneumonia
- 53. Caseous Lymphadenitis
- 54. Coccidioidomycosis
- 55. Tuberculosis
- 56. Pleuritis and Pleural Abscesses
- 57. Thoracic Cavity Tumors
- 58. Atypical Interstitial Pneumonia
- 59. Hydrogen Cyanide Toxicity
- 60. Nitrate-Nitrite Toxicosis

Week 3

LOBs covered during lectures:

Discuss the following male and female reproductive organ conditions and diseases definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management:

- 61. Epididymitis in Older and young Males
- 62. Orchitis
- 63. Testicular Hypoplasia and Degeneration
- 64. Paraphimosis
- 65. Vaginal Prolapse
- 66. Uterine Prolapse
- 67. Metritis and Endometritis
- 68. Pyometra
- 69. Pregnancy Toxemia
- 70. Hypocalcemia
- 71. Plant Toxicity
- 72. Heat Stress
- 73. Pseudopregnancy
- 74. Vaginitis



Year 3

- 75. Bacterial Abortion
- 76. Fungal Abortion
- 77. Protozoal Abortion
- 78. Virus-Induced Abortion

Week 4

LOBs covered during lectures:

Discuss the following **diseases of the endocrine system,** definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management:

- 79. Pituitary Adenoma
- 80. Pituitary Carcinomas
- 81. Pituitary Abscess Syndrome
- 82. Goiter
- 83. Primary Hyperparathyroidism
- 84. Renal Secondary Hyperparathyroidism

Discuss the following **diseases of the integumentary system,** definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management:

- 85. Contagious Ecthyma (Sore Mouth/Orf/ Contagious Pustular Dermatitis
- 86. Malignant Contagious Ecthyma
- 87. Ulcerative Dermatosis
- 88. Sheep Pox and Goat Pox
- 89. Scrapie
- 90. Vesicular Stomatitis
- 91. Dermatophilosis (Streptothricosis, Lumpy Wool Disease, Rain Scald, Rain Rot)
- 92. Fleece Rot (Water Rot, Weather Stain)
- 93. Malignant Edema (Swelled Head, Bighead)
- 94. Actinobacillosis
- 95. Staphylococcal Dermatitis (Eye Scab, Impetigo) 96. Caseous Lymphadenitis
- 97. Dermatophytoses (Ringworm, Lumpy Wool, Club Lamb Fungus)
- 98.Lice (Pediculosis)
- 99. Mange Mites
- 100. Psoroptic Mange (Common Sheep Scab)
- 101. Sarcoptic Mange (Scabies)
- 102. Demodectic Mange
- 103. Pemphigus Foliaceus
- 104. Copper Deficiency
- 105. Papillomas (Warts, Fibropapillomatosis)
- 106. Squamous Cell Carcinomas

Week 5

LOBs covered during lectures:

Discuss the following **diseases of the musculoskeletal system,** definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management:

107. Arthrogryposis

108. Myotonia Congenita

Year 3

- 109. Fractures
- 110. Septic Arthritis
- 111. Mycoplasmal Polyarthritis
- 112. Osteomyelitis
- 113. Caprine Arthritis-Encephalitis
- 114. Lyme Disease
- 115. Rickets and Osteomalacia
- 116. Osteodystrophia Fibrosa
- 117. Infectious Footrot
- 118.Laminitis

Discuss the following **diseases of the urinary system,** definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management:

- 119. Clostridium perfringens Type D
- 120. Adenovirus Infection
- 121. Toxic Diseases
- 122. Pyelonephritis
- 123. Amyloidosis
- 124. Glomerulone phritis
- 125. Cystitis
- 126. Obstructive urolithiasis

Week 6

LOBs covered during lectures:

Discuss the following **diseases of the neurologic system**, definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management:

- 127. Bacterial Meningitis and Encephalitis
- 128. Clostridium perfringens Enterotoxemia
- 129.Lentiviral Encephalitis: Caprine Arthritis-Encephalitis and Maedi-Visna
- 130. Sulfur Toxicosis
- 131.Lead Toxicosis
- 132. Sodium Toxicosis and Water Deprivation (Salt Poisoning)
- 133. Pseudorabies (Aujeszky's Disease, Mad Itch)
- 134. Rabies
- 135. Scrapie
- 136. West Nile Virus Encephalitis
- 137. Listeriosis
- 138. Otitis Media and Interna
- 139. Botulism
- 140. Enzootic Ataxia (Swayback)
- 141. Spastic Paresis

Discuss the following **diseases of the mammary gland**, definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management

- 142. Mastitis
- 143. Udder Edema

PIG:



Week 7

LOBs covered during lectures:

Discuss the following **diseases of the musculoskeletal system**, definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management

- 144. Splay leg
- 145. Arthrogryposis
- 146. Kyphosis and scoliosis
- 147. Congenital porphyria
- 148. Porcine stress syndrome
- 149. Osteochondrosis: leg weakness in pigs
- 150. Slipped epiphysis of the femoral head
- 151. Chronic septic arthritis
- 152. Foot and mouth disease

Week 8

LOBs covered during lectures:

Discuss the following **diseases of the respiratory system**, definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management

- 153. Enzootic pneumonia
- 154. Progressive atrophic rhinitis
- 155. Pleuropneumonia of pigs
- 156. Glasser's disease
- 157. Porcine pasteurellosis
- 158. Swine influenza
- 159. Inclusion body rhinitis
- 160. Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome
- 161. Porcine respiratory coronavirus
- 162. Postweaning multisystemic wasting syndrome
- 163. Metastrongylosis

Week 9

LOBs covered during lectures:

Discuss the following **diseases of the gastrointestinal system**, definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management

- 164. Transmissible gastroenteritis
- 165. Vomiting and wasting disease
- 166. Porcine epidemic diarrhoea
- 167. Rotavirus infection
- 168. Clostridium perfringens type C infection (haemorrhagic enterotoxaemia)
- 169. Clostridium perfringens types A and B
- 170. Enteric colibacillosis: enteric diseases caused by Escherichia coli
- 171. Salmonellosis
- 172. Swine dysentery
- 173. Spirochaetal colitis and diarrhoea
- 174. Coccidiosis
- 175. Cryptosporidia
- 176. Ascariasis



Week 10

LOBs covered during lectures:

Discuss the following **diseases of the skin**, definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management

- 177. Sarcoptic mange
- 178. Demodectic mange
- 179. Pig pox
- 180. Greasy pig disease (exudative epidermitis)
- 181. Ringworm
- 182. Pityriasis rosea

LOBs covered during lectures:

Discuss the following **diseases of the nervous system**, definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management

- 183. Teschen disease and Talfan disease
- 184. Classical swine fever
- 185. Aujeszky's disease (pseudorabies)
- 186. Rabies
- 187. Congenital tremor
- 188. Tetanus
- 189. Botulism
- 190. Streptococcus suis infection
- 191. Glasser's disease
- 192. Water deprivation: 'salt poisoning'

Week 11

LOBs covered during lectures:

Discuss the following **diseases of the urogenital system and mammary gland,** definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management

- 193. Cystitis and pyelonephritis
- 194. Urolithiasis (urethral urolithiasis)
- 195. Metritis
- 196. Mastitis
- 197. Mastitis-metritis-agalactia syndrome

Discuss the following **polysystemic diseases**, definition, etiology, clinical presentation, diagnosis, and management

- 198. Classical swine fever
- 199. African swine fever
- 200. Foot and mouth disease
- 201. Swine vesicular disease
- 202. Malignant catarrh fever
- 203. Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome
- 204. Postweaning multisystemic wasting syndrome
- 205. Porcine dermatitis and nephropathy syndrome

	206. Anthrax 207. Leptospirosis 208. Swine erysipelas 209. Tuberculosis					
Prerequisites	None	Required	None			
Course Content	 Sheep and goat: Oral oesophageal diseases Diseases of the Gastrointestinal System Internal Parasites Diseases of the Respiratory System Diseases of the Endocrine System Diseases of the Integumentary System Diseases of the Musculoskeletal System Diseases of the Urinary System Diseases of the Neurologic System Diseases of the Mammary Gland Pig: Diseases of the gastrointestinal system Diseases of the skin Diseases of the central nervous system Diseases of the urogenital system & udder Polysystemic diseases 					
Teaching Methodology	Lecture based learning and small group tutorial sessions					
Bibliography	 Sheep and Goat medicine, 2 nd, Pugh Veterinary treatment of sheep and goats Handbook of pig medicine, 1st, Jackson Pig Health, Carr Diseawses of sheep. W.B. Martin and I.D. Aitkin. Manual of sheep diseases. Hindson and Winter. Herd Health. Radostits. 					
Assessment	Final written exam 100%					
Language	English					