



## Course Syllabus

<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Course Title</b>	<b>ECTS Credits</b>
MENG-324	Introduction to Space Environment and Spacecraft Engineering	6
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>Department</b>	<b>Semester</b>
MATH-330	Engineering	Spring
<b>Type of Course</b>	<b>Field</b>	<b>Language of Instruction</b>
Elective	Engineering	English
<b>Level of Course</b>	<b>Lecturer(s)</b>	<b>Year of Study</b>
1 <sup>st</sup> Cycle	Dr Harry Nicos Iordanou	3 <sup>rd</sup>
<b>Mode of Delivery</b>	<b>Work Placement</b>	<b>Corequisites</b>
Face-to-face	N/A	None

### Course Objectives:

The main objectives of the course are to:

- Present the different environments that a spacecraft operates during its life, and their effect on the spacecraft design and operational use.
- Provide an understanding of the trajectory and general attitude dynamics, oscillatory modes and attitude motion of different spacecraft.
- Introduce celestial mechanics for orbits and their perturbations
- Provide understanding on Keplerian orbit transfers and different mission types such as Polar, Low Earth Orbit, Highly Elliptic Orbit and Geostationary Earth Orbit.
- Familiarize with spacecraft propulsion systems including chemical, electric and hybrid.
- Introduce the design requirements and materials selection for spacecraft structures.
- Familiarize with attitude control computations and systems including relevant sensors and actuators, such as infrared and star sensors, gyros, momentum wheels.
- Introduce the principles for electrical power generation, regulation, management, storage and control, and design considerations for power budget.
- Familiarize with the telemetry, telecommand and data handling and processing techniques and protocols
- Develop ability to use software tools for design and analysis of spacecraft mission, budgets.

**Learning Outcomes:**

After completion of the course students are expected to be able to:

- Describe the key spacecraft design considerations for ground and in-orbit operations.
- Demonstrate ability of setting up the dynamic analysis for trajectories and orbits using analysis computations and software.
- Interpret dynamic spacecraft response and effects in mission trajectory and attitude.
- Illustrate the fundamental characteristics, design considerations and control of spacecraft subsystems including thermal, propulsion, power and attitude.
- Recall the design principles and budgets for spacecraft structures and communications, including telemetry, telecommand, ranging, and on-board software.
- Show how computer software can be used for the analysis and design of spacecraft.

**Course Content:**

- Overview of space environment and history of space travel.
- Mission objectives and requirements including performance, coverage, lifetime etc.
- Spacecraft system requirements for orbit configuration and operations, power and mass.
- Spacecraft subsystem requirements for Thermal, Structure, Propulsion, Power, OBSW (electronics), Communications and Attitude Control.
- Modeling of mechanical, electrical, and other dynamic spacecraft systems such as mechanisms for deployable solar arrays and reflectors.

**Learning Activities and Teaching Methods:**

Lectures, in-class examples, exercises.

**Assessment:**

Homework, in-class assignments, mid-term exam, final exam.

**Required Textbooks / Readings:**

Title	Author(s)	Publisher	Year	ISBN
Space Mission Engineering - The New SMAD / 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition	Editors: James Wertz, David Everett, Jeffery Puschell	Space Technology Library	2014	978-1-881-883-15-9
Spacecraft Systems Engineering / 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition	Editors: Peter Fortescue, Graham Swinerd, John Stark	Wiley&Sons	2011	978-04-470-750-124

**Recommended Textbooks / Readings:**

<b>Title</b>	<b>Author(s)</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Year</b>	<b>ISBN / site</b>
European Cooperation for Space Standardization (ECSS)	-----	ESA-ECSS	2023	www.ecss.nl
Orbital Mechanics for Engineering Students	Author: Howard D. Curtis	BH-Elsevier	2014	978-0-08-097747-8