



<b>Course Code</b> MENG-252	<b>Course Title</b> Engineering Mechanics: Dynamics	<b>ECTS Credits</b> 6
<b>Department</b> Engineering	<b>Semester</b> Fall, Spring	<b>Prerequisites</b> MENG-250, MATH-330
<b>Type of Course</b> Elective	<b>Field</b> Engineering	<b>Language of Instruction</b> English
<b>Level of Course</b> 1 <sup>st</sup> Cycle	<b>Year of Study</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup>	<b>Lecturer(s)</b> Dr Eftychios Christoforou
<b>Mode of Delivery</b> Face-to-face	<b>Work Placement</b> N/A	<b>Co-requisites</b> None

### Objectives of the Course:

The main objectives of the course are to:

- Introduce the fundamental principles governing the dynamics of particles and motion of rigid bodies in one, two and three-dimensional spaces.
- Study the motion of objects and the interaction between the forces acting on objects and the induced motion based on a Newtonian formulation of the governing equations.
- Develop an understanding of the physical principles governing rigid body motion and problem solving skills that can be applied to a variety of practical engineering problems.

### Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course students are expected to:

- Use free-body diagrams and apply vector analysis for obtaining relationships between displacement, velocity, and acceleration vectors for a particle, a system of particles and rigid bodies in two- or three-dimensions.
- Apply Newton's second law of motion in determining the dynamic response of a system to applied forces or perform analysis of the motion of a particle, system of particles or a rigid body.
- Apply energy and momentum methods for analyzing the dynamic behavior of mechanical systems.
- Analyze planar as well as three-dimensional kinematics and dynamics of rigid bodies and apply these methods to practical mechanical systems.

### Course Contents:

- Drawing free-body diagrams
- Motion of a point: position, velocity and acceleration vectors, straight-line and

curvilinear motion of a particle

- Force, mass, acceleration, Newton's second law, equation of motion of the center of mass, inertial reference frames
- Work, kinetic energy, work-energy principle, power, work and potential energy, conservation of energy, conservative forces, relationship between force and potential energy
- Impulse, momentum, conservation of linear momentum, impacts, angular momentum
- Planar kinematics and dynamics of rigid bodies: types of motion, rotation about a fixed axis, velocities and accelerations in general motion, equations of motion
- Energy and momentum in rigid-body dynamics, principle of work and energy, kinetic energy, work and potential energy, power, principles of impulse and momentum
- Three-dimensional kinematics and dynamics of rigid bodies

**Learning Activities and Teaching Methods:**

Lectures, in-class examples and exercises.

**Assessment Methods:**

Homework, exams, final exam.

**Required Textbooks/Reading:**

Authors	Title	Publisher	Year	ISBN
A. Bedford W. Fowler	Engineering Mechanics: Dynamics	Pearson Ed	2009	9810679408

**Recommended Textbooks/Reading:**

Authors	Title	Publisher	Year	ISBN
R. C. Hibbeler	Principles of Dynamics	Pearson Ed	2013	9810692943
F. P. Beer E. R. Johnston Jr. P. J. Cornwell	Vector Mechanics for Engineers: Dynamics	McGraw- Hill	2013	9781259007934