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| Course Code COMP-532 | Course Title Distributed Systems | ECTS Credits 10 |
| Prerequisites DFIN-511 | Department Computer Science | Semester Fall/Spring/Summer |
| Type of Course Elective | Field Computer Science | Language of Instruction English |
| Level of Course 2nd Cycle | Lecturer(s) Dr Harald Gjermundrød | Year of Study 2nd |
| Mode of Delivery Distance Learning | Work Placement N/A | Co-requisites N/A |

Objectives of the Course:

The main objectives of the course are to:

1. Introduce the principles of design, construction and development of distributed systems along with distributed algorithms, which are necessary to build decentralized digital currency systems.
2. Cover in detail the different interaction paradigms for distributed systems like interprocess communication, remote invocation, and indirect communication and discuss them in the context of digital currency systems.
3. Cover in detail distributed algorithms for time, state consistency, coordination, agreement, transaction, and replication
4. Provide deep knowledge and contrast different middleware paradigms like distributed objects, components based, and peer-to-peer systems
5. Provide deep knowledge of how digital currencies are using the peer-to-peer architecture to achieve their design goal
6. Explain in detail naming structure and organization in distributed systems
7. Expose the students to development tools/environments/frameworks to develop distributed frameworks for digital currencies.
8. Cover in detail how topics of distributed systems are applied for devising a digital currency framework.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course students are expected to be able to:

1. Describe the principles, design, architecture, organization, algorithms and development of distributed systems, with special attention on systems for decentralized digital currencies
2. Compare and contrast the various interaction methods (interprocess communication, remote invocation, and indirect communication) that are used in distributed systems
3. Critically assess time, state consistency, coordination, agreement, transaction, and replication algorithms used in distributed systems, such as the distributed ledger in digital currencies
4. Critically assess different middleware paradigms like distributed objects, components based, and

- peer-to-peer systems
5. Critically assess how the decentralized peer-to-peer architecture is applied in the various digital currencies systems
 6. Summarize the naming structure and organization in distributed systems
 7. Demonstrate the ability to select an appropriate distributed algorithm and middleware paradigm that fulfills the design requirements for a general distributed system, with emphasis on a distributed digital currency system
 8. Design and develop a distributed digital currency system based on a description of its required functionality and purpose.

Course Contents:

1. Characterization of Distributed Systems
 1. Examples of distributed systems.
 2. Trends in distributed systems.
 3. Focus on resource sharing.
 4. Challenges like heterogeneity, scalability, failure handling, and security.
 5. Characterization of distributed frameworks for digital currencies.
2. System models
 1. Physical models.
 2. Architectural models.
 3. Fundamental models.
 4. Applicability of models in digital currencies frameworks.
3. Interprocess Communication
 1. The API for the Internet protocols.
 2. External data representation and marshaling.
 3. Multicast communication.
 4. Request-reply protocols.
 5. Network virtualization: Overlay networks.
4. Indirect communication
 1. Group communication
 2. Publish-subscribe systems
 3. Message queues
 4. Case study of comparing the various communication patterns used for digital currencies frameworks.
5. Distributed objects and components
 1. Distributed objects
 2. Case study of a distributed object middleware
 3. From objects to components
 4. Case study of a component based middleware
6. Peer-to-peer Systems
 1. Napster and its legacy
 2. BitCoin compared with Napster as a disruptive technology
 3. Peer-to-peer middleware
 4. Routing overlays
 5. Case study of an overlay network and application using digital currency frameworks as example application.
7. 7. Name Services

1. Name services and the Domain Name System
2. Directory services
3. X.500 Directory Service.
8. Time and Global States
 1. Clocks, events and process states
 2. Synchronizing physical clocks
 3. Logical time and logical clocks
 4. Global states
 5. Case study of maintaining a global state using distributed ledgers for digital currencies as example application.
9. Coordination and Agreement
 1. Distributed mutual exclusion
 2. Elections
 3. Coordination and agreement in group communication
 4. Case study of agreement for distributed ledgers for digital currencies.
10. Distributed Transactions
 1. Flat and nested distributed transactions
 2. Atomic commit protocols
 3. Distributed deadlocks
 4. Transaction recovery
 5. Checkpoints of distributed ledgers
11. Replication
 1. System model and the role of group communication
 2. Fault-tolerant services
 3. Gossip based architectures
 4. Transaction with replicated data
 5. Case study of resilience of decentralized systems for managing digital currencies.
12. Designing Distributed systems
13. Case study of all the aspects of a large distributed system using a digital currency as the application domain.

Learning Activities and Teaching Methods:

Lectures, Practical Exercises, and Assignments.

Assessment Methods:

Assignments, Mid-term Exam, Final Exam.

Recommended Textbooks / Reading:

| Title | Author(s) | Publisher | Year | ISBN |
|---|---|----------------|------|----------------|
| Distributed Systems: Concepts and Design, 5th Edition | G. Coulouris, J. Dollimore, T. Kindberg, G. Blair | Addison Wesley | 2011 | 978-0132143011 |

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|--|---|---------------|------|----------------|
| Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms, 2nd Edition | Andrew S. Tanenbaum and Maarten Van Steen | Prentice Hall | 2006 | 978-0132392273 |
| Programming Distributed Computing Systems: A Foundational Approach | Carlos A. Varela | The MIT Press | 2013 | 978-0262018982 |

Recommended Articles / Reading List:

- Decker, C. and Wattenhofer, R. (2013) —Information Propagation in the Bitcoin Networkl in 13-th IEEE International Conference on Peer-to-Peer Computing (P2P), pp. 1 – 10, 9 – 13 September.
- Szefer, J. and Lee, R.B. (2013) —BitDeposit: Deterring Attacks and Abuses of Cloud Computing Services through Economic Measuresl in 13th IEEE/ACM International Symposium on Cluster, Cloud and Grid Computing (CCGrid), pp. 630 – 635, 13 – 16 May.
- Ian M., Garman C., Green M., and Rubin A.D. (2013) —Zerocoin: Anonymous Distributed E-Cash from Bitcoinl in Proceedings of the IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy (SP), pp. 397 – 411, 19 – 22 February.
- Barber S., Boyen X., Shi E., and Uzun E. (2012) —Bitter to Better — How to Make Bitcoin a Better Currencyl in Financial Cryptography and Data Security, Lecture Notes in Computer Science, Volume 7397, pp. 399 – 414.
- Plohmann D. and Gerhards-Padilla E. (2012) —Case Study of the Miner Botnetl in 4th International Conference on Cyber Conflict (CYCon), pp. 345 – 360, 5 – 8 June.
- Laurie B. (2011) —Decentralised Currencies Are Probably Impossible But Let’s At Least Make Them Efficientl [Online]. Available: www.links.org/files/decentralised-currencies.pdf, [Mar. 3, 2014].
- Nakamoto S. (2009) —Bitcoin: A Peer-to-Peer Electronic Cash Systeml