

Course Code	Course Title	ECTS Credits	
BIOL-321	<b>Biochemistry</b> I	8	
Department	Semester	Prerequisites	
Life and Health	Fall	BIOL-205 and -206	
Sciences		Human Anat. and Physiol. I and II,	
		CHEM-245, Organic Chemistry	
Type of Course	Field	Language of Instruction	
Required	Biology	English	
Level of Course	Year of Study	Lecturer	
1 <sup>st</sup> Level	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Dr. Evdokia Kastanos-Kassini	
Mode of Delivery	Work Placement	Co-requisites	
Face-to-face	N/A	None	

## University of Nicosia, Cyprus

### **Objectives of the Course:**

This course is an upper division course for life science majors, offered in two parts. In this part of the course the aim is to cover comprehensively the fundamental biochemical concepts of proteins and nucleic acid structures, properties and function. The main objectives of this course are to:

- Discuss the chemical structure and functional groups of proteins, nucleic acids, lipids and carbohydrates in relation to their biological properties and role.
- Present the principles that determine the three-dimensional structure of biological macromolecules and how structure enables function.
- Demonstrate the biochemical basis of genetic inheritance and protein expression.
- Discuss the chemical and thermodynamic principles underlying biochemical reactions and the relationship of enzyme structure to catalysis and regulation.
- Describe in detail the cell membrane structure, its components and their role in cell communication.
- Introduce some general aspects of metabolism.

### **Learning Outcomes:**

After completion of the course students are expected to be able to:

- 1. Describe the chemical components and three-dimensional structure of proteins, and associate protein structure to function and regulation in a physical, chemical and biological context using specific examples.
- 2. Define allosteric proteins and explain how they function and are regulated using hemoglobin as an example.
- 3. Describe and explain the chemical and thermodynamic principles that underlie biochemical catalysis and the role of enzymes.
- 4. Explain the chemical basis of gene coding, how genetic information flows from DNA to RNA and to Proteins, and describe the chemical methods used for protein sequence determinations.
- 5. Appraise the structure and components of cell membranes and their role in cell signaling and communication, and differentiate the function of membrane channels and pumps.
- 6. Identify and define the structure of the major carbohydrate molecules.

### **Course Contents:**

- 1. Biochemistry: An Evolving Science
- 2. Protein Structure and Composition
- 3. DNA, RNA, and the Flow of Genetic Information
- 4. Hemoglobin: Portrait of a Protein in Action
- 5. Enzymes: Basic Concepts and Kinetics
- 6. Catalytic Strategies
- 7. Regulatory Strategies
- 8. Carbohydrates
- **9.** Lipids and Cell Membranes
- 10. Membrane Channels and Pumps
- 11. Metabolism: Basic Concepts and Design

### **Learning Activities and Teaching Methods:**

Lectures, Discussions, Review of literature papers, Cooperative learning

### **Assessment Methods:**

Assignments, Two Mid-term Exams, Final Exam

### **Required Textbooks/Reading:**

Authors	Title	Publisher	Year	ISBN
J.M.	Biochemistry, 6/e	W.H.	2008	ISBN-10: 1-
Berg, J.L.		Freeman		4292-3502-0

Tymoczko	and Co.	ISBN-13:
, and L.		978-1-4292-
Stryer		3502-0

# **Recommended Textbooks/Reading:**

Authors	Title	Publisher	Year	ISBN
1. D.J.	Principles of Biochemistry, 3/e	Wiley	2008	ISBN-13:
Voet, J.G.				978-0470-
Voet and				23396-2
C.W.				
Pratt				
2. T.M.	Biochemistry with Clinical	Wiley	2006	ISBN-10: 0-
Devlin	Corrrelations, 6/e	-		471-67808-2
				ISBN-13:
				978-0-471-
				67808-3