



## Course Syllabus

<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Course Title</b>	<b>ECTS Credits</b>
COMP-321	Theory of Computation	6
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>Department</b>	<b>Semester</b>
COMP-270	Computer Science	Fall
<b>Type of Course</b>	<b>Field</b>	<b>Language of Instruction</b>
Required	Computer Science	English
<b>Level of Course</b>	<b>Lecturer(s)</b>	<b>Year of Study</b>
1 <sup>st</sup> Cycle	Prof. Ioanna Dionysiou	3 <sup>rd</sup>
<b>Mode of Delivery</b>	<b>Work Placement</b>	<b>Corequisites</b>
Face-to-face	N/A	None

### Course Objectives:

The main objectives of the course are to:

- introduce the basic theoretical principles in Computer Science
- compare and contrast the various types of finite automata
- thoroughly discuss formal definitions of programming languages and their connection with finite automata
- cover in detail Turing machines and computability
- introduce the theoretical understanding of the halting problem.
- cover time complexity theory (class P, class NP, NP-completeness)

### Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course students are expected to be able to:

1. apply techniques to construct finite state machines and regular expressions
2. apply techniques to design context-free languages
3. design a (non)deterministic finite-state machine to accept a specified language
4. explain how some problems have no algorithmic solution
5. analyze examples that illustrate the concept of uncomputability
6. prove that a language is in a specified class and that it is not in the next lower class.
7. apply techniques to convert among equivalently powerful notations for a language, including among DFAs, NFAs, and regular expressions, and between PDAs and CFGs
8. analyze the Church-Turing thesis and its significance

9. discuss the Halting Problem
10. demonstrate the usage of reductions to decide if a problem is solvable or unsolvable
11. analyze class P, class NP, NP-complete problems.

**Course Content:**

1. Automata and Languages
  - a. Regular Languages
    - i. Finite Automata (FA)
    - ii. Deterministic FA and Nondeterministic FA
    - iii. Regular Expressions and Languages
  - b. Context-free Grammars and Languages
    - i. Context-free Grammars
    - ii. Pushdown Automata (PDAs)
    - iii. Non-Context-Free Languages
2. Computability Theory
  - a. The Church-Turing Thesis
    - i. Turing Machines
    - ii. Variants of Turing Machines
  - b. Decidability
    - i. Decidable Languages
    - ii. Diagonalization
    - iii. The Halting Problem
  - c. Reducibility
    - i. Reductions
3. Complexity Theory
  - a. Time complexity (class P, class NP, NP-completeness)

**Learning Activities and Teaching Methods:**

Lectures, Practical Exercises, and In-class Problem Solving Sessions

**Assessment Methods:**

Final Exam, Midterm Exam, and Assignments

**Required Textbooks / Readings:**

Title	Author(s)	Publisher	Year	ISBN
Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation (3 <sup>rd</sup> Ed.)	John Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey Ullman	Pearson	2006	978-0321455369

**Recommended Textbooks / Readings:**

Title	Author(s)	Publisher	Year	ISBN
Introduction to the Theory of Computation	William A. Goddard	Jones & Bartlett Publishers	2008	978-0763741259
Introduction to the Theory of Computation (3 <sup>rd</sup> Ed.)	Michael Sipser	Course Technology	2012	978-1133187813